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AMENDMENT

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- ı. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for use in seismic surveying adapted for seismic data 1 acquisition in a land or transition zone environment, said apparatus comprising:
- a positioning device; 3
- a seismic sensor, capable of being placed near said positioning device; and 4
- means for determining the distance between said seismic sensor and said positioning 6 device using an airborne acoustic transmission between said positioning device
- 7 and said seismic sensor.
- 2. (Original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, in which said airborne acoustic
- transmission is produced by a speaker at said positioning device and received by a microphone at
- said seismic sensor. 3
 - 3. (Canceled)
 - 4. (Canceled)
 - 5. (Canceled)
 - 6. (Canceled)
 - · 7. (Canceled)
 - 8. (Canceled)
 - 9. (Canceled)
 - 10. (Canceled)
 - 11. (Canceled)
 - 12. (Canceled)

- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Canceled)
- 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Canceled)
- 18. (Canceled)
- 19. (Canceled)
- 20. (Canceled)
- 31. (Canceled)
- 32. (Canceled)
- 33. (Canceled)
- 34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Canceled)
- 36. (Canceled)
- 37. (Canceled)
- 38. (Canceled)
- 39. (Canceled)
- 40. (Canceled)
- 41. (Canceled)
- 42. (Canceled)

- 43. (Canceled)
- 44. (Canceled)
- 45. (Canceled)
- 1 46. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein said airborne acoustic
- 2 transmission received by said microphone at said seismic sensor is converted from analog to
- digital format using an analog to digital converter that is also used to convert seismic signals
- 4 received by said seismic sensor from analog to digital format.
- 1 47. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 2 wherein said airborne acoustic
- 2 transmission received by said microphone at said seismic sensor is transmitted using a cable that
- is also used to transmit seismic data received by said seismic sensor.
- 1 48. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim I, wherein said airborne acoustic
- transmission is a spread spectrum acoustic signal.
- 1 49. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said airborne acoustic
- transmission is a pulse, frequency sweep, or digitally encoded sweep acoustic signal.
- 1 50. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said airborne acoustic
- 2 transmission is generated by signal generation circuitry that is also used to test said seismic
- 3 sensor.
- 1 51. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further including a temperature sensor
- for measuring the temperature of the air near said seismic sensor or said positioning device.
- 1 52. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, further including a survey flag and
- wherein said positioning device is placed near said survey flag.
- 1 53. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said positioning device is a first
- 2 positioning device and further including a second positioning device and means for determining
- the distance between said second positioning device and said seismic sensor using an airborne
- 4 acoustic transmission between said second positioning device and said seismic sensor.

- 1 54. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 53, further including means for
- 2 determining the distance between said first positioning device and said second positioning
- 3 device.
- 1 55. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 54, wherein said means for determining
- 2 the distance between said first positioning device and said second positioning device uses an
- 3 airborne acoustic transmission between said first positioning device and said second positioning
- 4 device.
- 1 56. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 53, wherein said first positioning device
- 2 and said second positioning device are connected by a cable.
- 1 57. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 53, wherein said second positioning device
- is placed at a predetermined azimuthal orientation with respect to said first positioning device.
- 1 58. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 53, further including means for confirming
- 2 that said second positioning device has been placed at a predetermined azimuthal orientation
- with respect to said first positioning device.
- 1 59. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 53, wherein a seismic source signal is used
- 2 to resolve the line symmetry ambiguity when determining the position of said seismic sensor
- with respect to said first positioning device and said second positioning device.
- 1 60. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said seismic sensor is a first
- seismic sensor and further including additional seismic sensors and means for determining the
- 3 distance between said additional seismic sensors and said positioning device using airborne
- acoustic transmission between said positioning device and said additional seismic sensors.
- 1 61. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 60, further including means for calculating
- 2 a group center of gravity for said first seismic sensor and said additional seismic sensors.
- 1 62. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 60, further including means for
- 2 determining whether said first seismic sensor and said additional seismic sensors have been laid
- 3 out in a prescribed order.

- 1 63. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said seismic sensor and said
- positioning device are located at a first seismic station and further including an additional
- 3 positioning device located at a second seismic station and means for determining the distance
- 4 between a device located at said first seismic station and a device located at said second seismic
- s station.
- (Currently Amended) A method for use in a seismic survey of determining the position of
- 2 a seismie sensor adapted for seismie data acquisition in a land or transition zone environment,
- 3 said method comprising the steps of:
- 4 placing a positioning device in a particular location;
- placing a seismic sensor near said positioning device; and
- determining the distance between said seismic sensor and said positioning device using
- an airborne acoustic transmission between said positioning device and said
- seismic sensor.
- 1 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said airborne acoustic
- 2 transmission is produced by a speaker at said positioning device and received by a microphone at
- 3 said seismic sensor.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65, wherein said airborne acoustic
- transmission received by said microphone at said seismic sensor is converted from analog to
- digital format using an analog to digital converter that is also used to convert seismic signals
- 4 received by said seismic sensor from analog to digital format.
- 1 67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65, wherein said airborne acoustic
- transmission received by said microphone at said seismic sensor is transmitted using a cable that
- is also used to transmit seismic data received by said seismic sensor.
- 1 68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said airborne acoustic
- transmission is a spread spectrum acoustic signal.
- 1 69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 65, wherein said airborne acoustic
- 2 transmission is a pulse, frequency sweep, or digitally encoded sweep acoustic signal.

1 70. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said airborne acoustic

P08

- 2 transmission is generated by signal generation circuitry that is also used to test said seismic
- 3 sensor.
- 1 71. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, further including the step of measuring
- the temperature of the air near said seismic sensor or said positioning device.
- 1 72. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said positioning device is placed
- z near a survey flag.
- 1 73. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said positioning device is a first
- 2 positioning device and further including the step of determining the distance between a second
- 3 positioning device and said seismic sensor using an airborne acoustic transmission between said
- second positioning device and said seismic sensor.
- 1 74. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73, further including the step of determining
- the distance between said first positioning device and said second positioning device.
- 1 75. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 74, wherein said step of determining the
- 2 distance between said first positioning device and said second positioning device uses an
- 3 airborne acoustic transmission between said first positioning device and said second positioning
- 4 device.
- 1 76. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73, wherein said first positioning device and
- said second positioning device are connected by a cable.
- 1 77. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73, wherein said second positioning device
- 2 is placed at a predetermined azimuthal orientation with respect to said first positioning device.
- 78. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73, further including the step of confirming
- that said second positioning device has been placed at a predetermined azimuthal orientation
- with respect to said first positioning device.

- 79. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 73, wherein a seismic source signal is used to determine to resolve the line symmetry ambiguity when determining the position of said
- 3 seismic sensor with respect to said first positioning device and said second positioning device.
- 1 80. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said seismic sensor is a first
- 2 seismic sensor and further including additional seismic sensors and the step of determining the
- 3 distance between said additional seismic sensors and said positioning device using airborne
- 4 acoustic transmissions between said positioning device and said additional seismic sensors.
- 1 81. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 80, further including the step of calculating a
- 2 group center of gravity for said first seismic sensor and said additional seismic sensors.
- 1 82. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 80, further including the step of determining
- 2 whether said first seismic sensor and said additional seismic sensors have been laid out in a
- 3 prescribed order.
- 1 83. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, wherein said seismic sensor and said
- positioning device are located at a first seismic station and further including an additional
- 3 positioning device located at a second seismic station and the step of determining the distance
- between a device located at said first seismic station and a device located at said second seismic
- s station.
- 1 84. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, further including the steps of recording
- seismic data acquired by said seismic sensor and assigning sensor position coordinates to said
- 3 seismic data based on said distance between said seismic sensor and said positioning device.
- 1 85. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 64, further including the step of calculating a
- deviation between actual seismic sensor position coordinates and planned seismic sensor position
- 3 coordinates.
- 1 86. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 85, further including the step of
- 2 compensating for said deviation between said actual seismic sensor position coordinates and said
- 3 planned seismic sensor position coordinates.

- 1 87. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 86, wherein said compensation step includes
- 2 mathematically moving a group center of gravity from an actual position to a planned position.
- 1 88. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 87, wherein said compensation step includes
- bypassing a digital ground roll removal process.